

Salix purpurea 'Allegany'



The State University of New York College of Environmental Science and Forestry (SUNY-ESF) presents 'Allegany', a fast-growing shrub willow from their willow breeding program. 'Allegany' is a high-yielding variety that is disease resistant, produces multiple small stems, and is well suited for biomass plantings, snowfences, streambank restoration, and riparian buffers.



Photo by Ben Ballard



Photo by Laura Wayne

Salix purpurea 'Allegany'



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Botanical Name: *Salix purpurea* 'Allegany'
(Family: Salicaceae)

Hardiness: U.S.D.A. Zones 4 - 6

Development: 'Allegany' was produced through controlled willow breeding in 1999 as part of a research project to produce new willow cultivars that generate high biomass yields on a variety of sites, display resistance to diseases and pests, and possess agronomic traits suitable for mechanical planting, harvesting, and post-harvest processing. 'Allegany' was produced by crossing *Salix purpurea* 'SH3' with *S. purpurea* '95058'.

Significance: 'Allegany' is a shrub willow cultivar displaying exceptionally rapid growth, producing greater than 45% more stem area than 'SV1', a current production variety, in yield trials, with low incidence of rust disease or damage by beetle or sawfly. Woody stems can be harvested every three to four years, and new shoots will re-sprout the following season. Repeated harvesting of shrub willow plantations can be sustained for at least 15 years.

Description:

Height and Width: 15-20 feet tall, 3-5 foot crown spread at 3 years when grown at 2 x 3 foot spacing.

Habit: Fast-growing, deciduous shrub with multiple small-diameter, vertical stems.

Foliage: Dark green oblong leaves, typically 2-3 inches long, 0.5-1 inches wide, with foliage April through October in Zone 5.

Bark: Brown when young, turning green and smooth with age; yellow-orange buds in winter.

Flowers: Female, early spring.

Seeds: Not known to be pollinated under field conditions.

Culture: Adaptable to a wide range of soil and moisture conditions. Prefers maximum sunlight.

Propagation: Roots easily from dormant stem cuttings.

Uses: Excellent for bioenergy plantations, streambank restoration, living snowfences, and riparian buffers. Dried stems can be used in basketry.

Availability: Available from Double A Willow (www.doubleawillow.com) beginning Spring 2007.

For information on the SUNY-ESF Willow Biomass Program go to www.esf.edu/willow.

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